ALMA TAC

(impressions from a panel member)

Panel Composition

- 18 panels (4,4,4,4,2 in category 1,2,3,4,5);
 8 members per panel
 144 members ARP
 Not all members are ALMA or experts in interferometry / submm Science experts!
 "Technical assessor" present in each panel
- 18 chairs + 1 chair of chairs
 19 members ARPC
- 80-100 proposals/panel
- barring conflicts everyone should review the proposals
- 1 primary reviewer/proposal
 all are secondary reviewers

Panel duties (1)

- Two stages process (Stage 1 & Stage 2)
- Stage 1 (at home; to be concluded by beginning of June):

assessing possible conflicts (reduce the # of proposals per assessor); check the correct category; ranking of all proposals (range 1 to 10) **only** on the scientific merit; mean of all "normalised" votes **Triage** (most important output from Stage 1) Bottom ~25% proposals are **NOT** discussed in Stage 2 (apart few "resurrections")

All assessors write a brief report / note for *each* proposal on a webtool

Primary reviewers should draft a first version of the consensus report (these reports are FINAL for triaged proposals)

Panel duties (2)

• Stage 2 (at the ARP meeting venue; 20-23 June):

discussion of the **non-triaged** proposals and of **ALL** large programs; primary assessors present for each proposals strengths and weaknesses proposals of similar topics are discussed side by side

The reports/notes by all assessors are very useful to shorten the discussion!

new (secret) vote and new ranking; review of the proposals with large standard deviations; new (panel) ranking at the end of ARP

Top proposals should end up in priority A

(but not so easy)

Everything is done to be normalised in the same way (and compared to other panels)

The primary assessor write the final "consensus report"

(the notes/report by all assessors collected on the ARP review page, and the discussion, are **very very** useful for the final report!)

Issues

• Different "shares" determine different final rankings at ARPC

a "very good" European proposal can obtain a lower ranking than a "mean" Chilean proposal *A panel member* **does not know** the final ranking! Only the chairs...

• Large programs had very strict conflict rules:

few assessors ... (at least last year) / large spreads in votes / less reliable ?

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- Large programs had very strict conflict rules: few assessors ... (at least last year) / large spreads in votes / less reliable ?
- Very good / very bad proposals reach consensus already at Stage 1! easy to recognise them
- Main goal for YOU: stay above the triage line! category C scheduling can be "easy" at least for band 3 proposals (less strict conditions)
 - clear and simple text and self-contained
 - clear and readable figures
 - clear feasibility (you need to show that you know what to do with the data!)
 - not too specific on the details (panel members are NOT all expert in your field)